

## EJERCICIOS

1) CALCULE LA TRANSFORMADA DE LAPLACE UNILATERAL POR LA DERECHA, USANDO LA DEFINICIÓN

a)  $X(s) = \mathcal{L}\{e^{-2t} u(t+1)\}$

b)  $X(s) = \delta(t+1) + \delta(t) + \mathcal{L}\{e^{-2(t+3)} u(t+1)\}$

c)  $X(s) = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{PARA } 0 < t < 4 \\ e^{-t} & \text{PARA } 4 \leq t < \infty \end{cases}$

2) RESUELVAN LAS SIGUIENTES ECUACIONES DIFERENCIALES APLICANDO LAPLACE. ASUMA TODAS LAS CONDICIONES INICIALES IGUAL A CERO

a)  $\frac{d^3}{dt^3} Y(t) + 3 \frac{d^2}{dt^2} Y(t) + 3 \frac{d}{dt} Y(t) + Y(t) = 2 u(t)$

b)  $\frac{d^2}{dt^2} X(t) + 3 \frac{d}{dt} X(t) + 2X(t) = 5 u(t)$

c)  $Y'''(t) + 9Y''(t) + 9Y'(t) + 25Y(t) = \delta(t)$

SOLUCIÓN:

a)  $Y(t) = \left\{ -\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{ \frac{2}{s^3(s^2+3s+3)} \right\} + 2 \right\} u(t)$

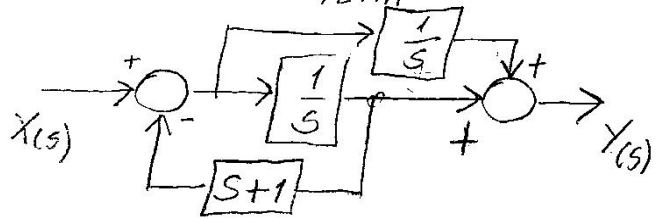
b)  $X(t) = \left( \frac{5}{2} - 5e^{-t} + \frac{5}{2}e^{-2t} \right) u(t)$

c)  $Y(t) = -\frac{3}{2}e^{-3t} + e^{-2t} \left( \frac{3}{2}\cos t - \frac{3}{6}\sin t \right)$

3) RESUELVAN:  $5X''(t) - 3X(t) = 6$

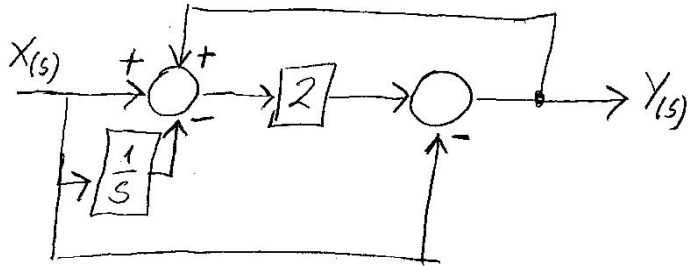
$X(t) = 1 \vee X'(t) = 1 \text{ EN } t=0$

3) ASUMIENDO UNA ENTRADA ESCALON, OBTENGA LA SALIDA DEL SIG. SISTEMA

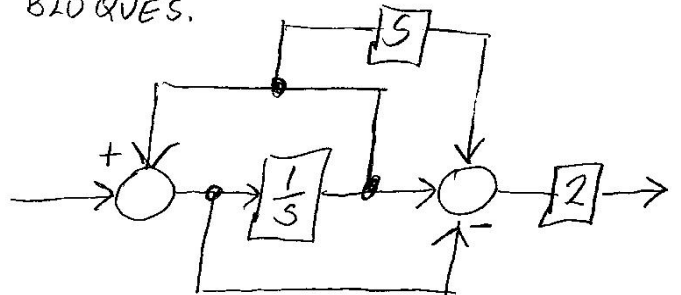


RESPUESTA:  $Y(t) = 2u(t) - 2e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} u(t)$

4) OBTENGA LA FUNCIÓN DE TRANSFERENCIA DE:

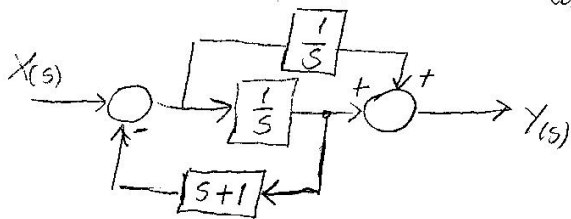


5) REDUZCA EL SIG DIAGRAMA DE BLOQUES.

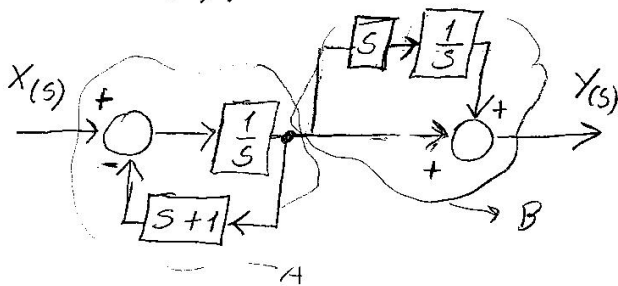


FANDER MIRANDA

1) PARA EL SISTEMA QUE SE MUESTRA  
OBTENGA  $Y(s)$ ; SABRIENDO QUE  $X(t) = u(t)$



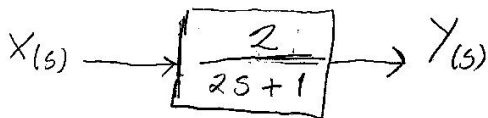
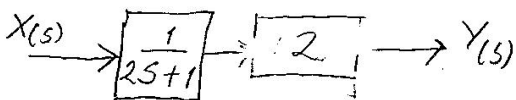
Solución:



$$A = \frac{\frac{1}{s}}{1 + \frac{s+1}{s}} = \frac{\frac{1}{s}}{\frac{s+s+1}{s}} = \frac{1}{2s+1}$$

$$B = 1 + 1 = 2$$

ENTONCES:



$$\frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = \frac{2}{2s+1} \Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{2}{2s+1} \cdot X(s)$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{2}{(2s+1)} \times \frac{1}{s} = \frac{2}{s(2s+1)}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{2s+1}$$

$$A = \frac{2}{2s+1} \Big|_{s=0} = 2 ; B = \frac{2}{s} \Big|_{s=-1/2} = -4$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{2}{s} - \frac{4}{2s+1} = \frac{2}{s} - \frac{4}{2(s+1/2)}$$

$$Y(t) = 2u(t) - 2e^{-1/2 t} u(t)$$